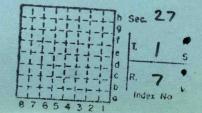
PEABODY COAL COMPANY
RIVER KING STRIP MINE- PIT 2
ST. CLAIR COUNTY

R -F

HERRIN





Peabody Coal Co., River King

No. 6 Coal

Sampled July 24, 1962 : Eadie & Gartner

Arrangements with Tom Rhoades, Prep. Mgr. for Ill. Mines of Peabody.

Accompanied by John Fuller, Draftsman

3 pits operating. Samples taken from pit being worked by wheel & 75'yd shovel. Identified as Pit # 2.

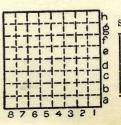
Sample # 1: 160°N, 260°E, SW corner  $NE_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}}$  sec. 27, 1S-7W, 3 pm

Sample # 3: 40'S, 115'W NE corner SW 4 SE 4 Sec. 27, 1S-7W

By GRE Date 7-24-62

Quad. Part

County St. Clair



Sec. 27

T. N. 1 S. E. R. 7 W.

# Sampled 24 July 62 Gartner Arrangements with Tom Rhoades Prep. Mgr. for III. Mines of Accompanied by John Fuller, Draftsman. 3 Pits operating. Samples taken from Pit being worked by wheel f 75'yd. Showel I'dentified as Pit 42 Spl. 4/ 160' N, 260' E, SW COR NE'4 NE'4 Sec 27, TI'S, R7W, 3 PM Spl. #2 645'N, 365' E. SW. Cor NE'4, NE'4, Sec 27, TIS, RTW, 3 PM Sp1#3 40'5 115'W NE CON 5w'4, SE'14, SE'14, 1961- 2,751,971 Strip Peabody Cic. River King # 6 Coal N. Date

S.

5-94

2

(27394 - 10M - 11 - 55)ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, URBANA

Quad. Part

County St. Black

Peabody Coal Co. - River King Mine

Tom Rhoades, Prép. Man. Ill. mines John Fuller, Draftsman

All samples from Pit # 2
3 pits operating as River King, Pit # 2 is
Northernmost.

Sample # 1

Taken from area 325° south of ramp. Water level has been approx.  $2\frac{1}{2}$ ° above bottom of coal. Coal very friable, face cleaned into solid coal.

• From top down
Total thickness: 6°9", No. 6 Coal

By Eadie&Gartner Date 7-25-62

Quad. Part.

County St. Clair

Inches	Description
0 - 2	Clarain, normally bright banded, calcite in cleats;
2 - 2 1/8 2 1/8 - 9	Shale
2 1/8 - 9	Clarain, vitrain bands 1/8",
9	bright, calcite in cleavage
	planes, thin layers of pyrite
	in cleats.
9 - 9 1/8	Fusain band
9 1/8 - 11	Clarain, calcite in cleats,
	normally bright banded, vitrain
	bands to 1/8";
11 - 11 1/8 11 1/8 - 1°2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " 1°2 $\frac{1}{2}$ " - 1°2 5/8"	1/8" band of shale
11 1/8 - 1022	Clarain as described above
$1^{\circ}2^{\frac{1}{2}"} - 1^{\circ}2^{\circ}5/8"$	Shale
1°2 5/8" - 1°10"	Clarain, calcite in cleavage
	planes, normally bright banded

Sec. 27

T.

R.

N.

E

1 s.

7 w.

#### Peabody Coal Co. - River King Mine cont. Inches Description \* 1010" - 1010 3/4" Shale 1 10 3/4" - 20 11 Clarain, medium banded, calcite in cleavage \* 20 1 - 201" Shale and fusain, thin banded, with layers of pyrite 201" - 3014" Clarain, normally bright banded, calcite and pyrite in cleavage planes, occasional 1/16" layer of pyrite, occasional 1/16" band of shale \* 3012" - 302" Shale 3 2" - 4 2" Clarain, medium banded, occasional 1/16" Fusain, calcite and some pyrite in cleavage planes \* 4 2" - 4 2 2 1" Pyrite 4023H - 407H Clarain, calcite in cleavage, normally bright banded \* 407" - 407 3/8" Shale 497 3/8" - 594" Clarain, calcite and pyrite in c cleavage, occasional 1/16" vitrain, mormally bright banded 5 4" - 5 4 1" Vitralan band 5 44" - 5 9" Clarain, normally bright banded calcite and pyrite in cleavage 519" - 619" Clarain, calcite in cleavage, predominantly pyrite in cleavage planes, pyrite layers thin - 1/16" -, but very heavy in concentration. Sec. 27 By Eadie&Gartner Date 7-24-62 N. T.

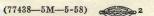
Part

County St. Clair

E.

7w.

R.



Peabody Coal Co. - River King Mine cont

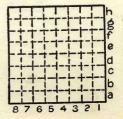
\* Deleted from sample

Sample # 1 location: 260° East, 160° North, SW corner, NE 1 NE 1 Sec. 27, T. 1S, R. 7W, St. Clair Co.

By Eadie&Gartner Date 7-24-62.

Quad. Part

County St. Clair



Sec.	27	
T.		N.
	1	S.
R.	(44)	E.
1	1	W.

MUORE'S MODERN Peabody Carl Co. River King Mine Eadie & Cartaer John Fuller, Prep. Mar. Ill. Mins All Samples from Pit #2 3 Pits operating as River lang Sample # 1

Ramp. Water rose has been approx. 2/2' above bot hos been approx. 2/2' above bot hos been approx. 2/2' above portained bot hose for a ble for learned From Top Down Total thickness: 6'9", #6 coal. 0-2": Clarain, normally dark banded, calate in cleat, 2"-218" shall 218"- 9" clarain, vitram bando 48", bright, calcite i clavage planes, the layers of pyrite . cleats 9-918-18 from band

MODERN'S MODERN'S METHODS 91/8"- 11" clarain, calcite ... cleats, normally bright banded vitrain bounds to 18" 11"-11/8": 18" band of shale 11/8" - 1'2/2" clarain as describled above 12/2" -12 /8" shale 1'21/2"-1'2 %" shale 1'25" -1'10" clara, calcite " cleavage planes, nbb. 1'10"-1'103/4" shale 1'103/4"-2'14" clara, medien \* banded, calc. - cleavage 2'14" - 2'1" sh. + fusam, the \*\* banded, with layers of pyrite 27" -3'1/4 clarain, ubb. calc.+ pyrite in cl. planes, occasioned 116" layer of parite \* deleted from sample

MOURE'S MODERN occasional 116' band of sh. 3'1/4"-3'2" 2h. \* 3'2"- 4'2" claremed, bound, occasional 1/16" fasain, cale, + same pyrite incliplaines 4'2/2" 4'7" clary calc. in clear. 4'7"-4'73/2": 2h X 4'7 38"- 5"4": clara, cale + parite in cleavage, occasional 116" vitra. n.b.b.
5'4"-5'4"/4" vitra band
5'4/4"-5'9" claran, nbb. calo. + pyrete en cleavage 5'9"- 6'9" claram, calc. m clearage, predominantly pyrite deleted from sample

John C. Moore Corporation, Rochester, N. Y. Binder and holes in leaves Patented. FORM 428026 in cleavage planes, pyrite layers thin - 1/16 -, but very heavys in concentration : Sample #1 Location 260' East 160'N SW car NE'145, NE'14 Sec 27 7195, R 7 W St Clair Co

Peabody Coal Co. - River King Mine

Sample # 2 500° SE of wheel

Freshly mined
Total thickness 6°5", No. 6 Coal

ByEadie & GartnerDate 7-24-62

Quad. Part.

County St. Clair

Inches' & Feet	Description
0 - 1°9"	Clarain, medium banded, calcite in cleavage, occasional 1/16" fusain bands
* 109" - 1010 1"	Shale, with some pyrite
1.10 4" - 2.4"	Clarain, some calcite in clea- vage, occasional 3/16" fusain
* 2° 4" - 2° 4 3/4"	Laminated shale, vitrain, pyrite
2°4 3/4" - 2°82"	Clarain, normally bright banded, calcite in cleavage
2 8 2" - 2 8 7/8"	3/8" mineralized fusain
2'8 7/8" - 3'1"	Clarain, normally bright banded
301" - 301 1	Shale
3°1 4" - 4°1"	Clarain, normally bright banded, calcite and pyrite in cleavage, occasional 1/16" pyrite band
401" - 401 4"	Shale & pyrite band
41 4" - 45"	Clarain, calcite in cleavage, normally bright banded
4.5" - 4.6 4"	Shale, pyrite, probably Blue
4.6 4" - 6.5"	Clarain, calcite and pyrite in cleavage, occational pyrite

N.

E.

1 s.

7w.

T.

R.

dc

Peabody Coal Co. - River King Mine cont

Feet & Inches

Description

nodule, occasional 1/16" shale bands, occasional pyrite band up to  $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick.

\* Deleted from sample.

Location Sample # 2:

115°W, 40°S, NE corner, SW4, SE4, Sec. 27, T. 1S, R. 7W, St. Clair Co.

By Eadie & GartenDate 7-24-62

Quad. Part.

County St. Clair

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Sec. 27

T. 1 S.

R. 7 W.

MOORE'S MODERN Pealody Coal Co Kever King mie 24 July 82 Sample#2, 500'SE of wheel Eadle + Garter Freshly mined Total thickness 6'5" #6000 0 - 1'9" Claran, med. bandad, cale in clear, occasional/16 fusam bands 19"-1'10/4" sh w/samepgrete \* 1'10/4"- 2'4" claran, same cale. in clear, occasio af 3/16 faram. 2'4"-24 /4 Carmated sh, Vitram, \* pyrite claram, n.b.b., calc. m 2143/4"-28/2 2'8'2" -2'878" 3/8" unieralized from \* delested from

John C. Moore Corporation, Rochester, N. Y. Binder and holes in leaves Patented. FORM 439962 2'878"-3'1" claron nbb. 3'1'4"- 4'14 claran a 66, cale: + clear, occasional pariten 4'1"- 4'14" h. + prite bound 4'1"- 4'14" h. + prite bound 4'14"-4'5" clarain calcia clear. 4'5" 4'6'4" sh, pgrite, probably blue bad 464-65" claram, ale. -4 parite i clear, occasional parte module, occasional /16 she bands, occassional pyritebond up to by thick. COUNTY No. Location Sample #2 115'W 40'5 NE Cor SW/4 SE/4 soc 27 TIS, R7W

Peabody Coal Co. - River King Mine

By Eadie & Gartnepate 7-24-62

Quad. .....Part...

County St. Clair

Sample #3
200° North of ramp, Pit #2

Total thickness 6°11", No. 6 Coal

Coal noticeably wet from surface moisture,
bottom 3°

#### Inches and Feet Description 0 - 7" Clarain, pyrite in cleavage planes up to 1/16", some calcite in cleavage, principally vitrinite, conchoidal fracture 7 - 7 1 Shale 7 1 - 1 10" Vitrain, calcite and pyrite in cleavage, thin banded, occasional 1/16" fusain \* 1010" - 1010 3/8" Shale and pyrite, thin banded 1010 3/8" - 10113" Principally vitrain, with fusain and pyrite layers 10115" - 302" Clarain, medium banded, calcite and some pyrite in cleavage, occasional shale up to 1/16" \* 302" - 302 3/4" Shale and pyrite 302 3/4" - 4072" Clarain, calcite and pyrite in cleavage, medium banded 4072" - 407 3/4" Shale band 4.7 3/4" - 5.2" Clarain, medium banded, calcite in cleavage, some pyrite nodules

27

N.

7 w.

Sec.

T.

R.

Peabodyn Coal Co. - River King Mine cont

# Inches & Feet

# Description

\*  $5^{\circ}2^{\circ} - 5^{\circ}2^{\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}}$  $5^{\circ}2^{\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}} - 6^{\circ}11^{\circ}$ 

Shale Clarain, medium banded, calcite and pyrite in cleavage, pyrite up to 1/16"; occasional pyrite nodules.

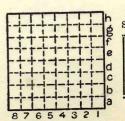
\* Deleted from sample

Location Sample # 3
645° N, 365°E, SW corner, NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>
Sec. 27, T. 1S, R. 7W, St. Clair Co.

By Eadie & Gartner 7-24-62

Quad. Part

County St. Clair



Sec. 27

T. 1 S.

b 7 w.

R.

MOORE'S MODERN Heabocky Coal Co. River King Mine 24 July 62 Sample #3, 200' north of ramp, pit # 2 - Endie & Gartner Total thickness 7 4 600al coal noticable welfrom surface moisture, bollon 3' 0-7" claram, pyrite inclass. 16 plane, same calcite in clear, principally witrinte, conchoidal fracture, 7"-7/4 shale 7/4"- 1'10" vitrain, calc. +pyritein cleary thin bounded, occasional 16 fusam, 1110"-11036" sh. + pyrete, thin bandar \* 1'103/8"-1'11/2 principally vitrain, with fusion and parite agers \* deleted from sample

MOORE'S MODERN 1'11'2"- 3'2" clarain, medium banded, calc. + some pyrite in clear, occasional sh. up to 1/10" 32"- 3'23/4 sh. + pyrite 3' 23/4" - 4'7'5" claram, calc. +pgrite in clear, med. banded 47/2"-47 1/4" shale band 4'7 1/4"- 5'2" claran, med bounded, calc. in clear. 52"- 52'2" sh. rodules \* 5'2/2"-6"11" clarain, med bounded, calo + pyrite in close, pyrite up to 1/16; occasional pyrice nodules Location Sample # 5 5W COT NE 19 NE 19 W deleted from somple

PEABODY COAL COMPANY
RIVER KING STRIP MINE- PIT 3
ST. CLAIR COUNTY

M. I. 857 S-94

Located just east of New Athens. -T29, R7W - See MOA MAT

Tipple is 280 ft. N, 180 ft. E of SW corner NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> SW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, Sect. 15, T 1S, R 7W.

Mine superintendant: Kenny Meyers
Areal Engineer: Bob Chidwood
Asst. Areal Eng.: Randy Dempsey

h Sec. 32 1 33

T. J S.

T. J S.

R. 7

Index No.

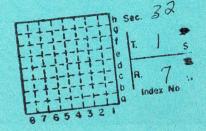
# PEABODY COAL COMPANY RIVER KING STRIP MINE- PIT 6

This mine is located partially in St. Clair and partially in Randolph County. It is filed in Randolph County.

SEE RANDOLPH COUNTY NOTES

RIVER KING PIT 3 MINE INDEX NO. 857

St. Clair County

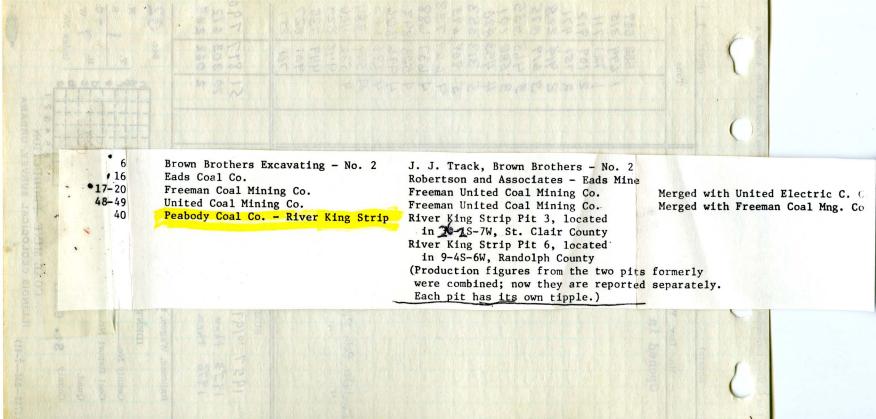


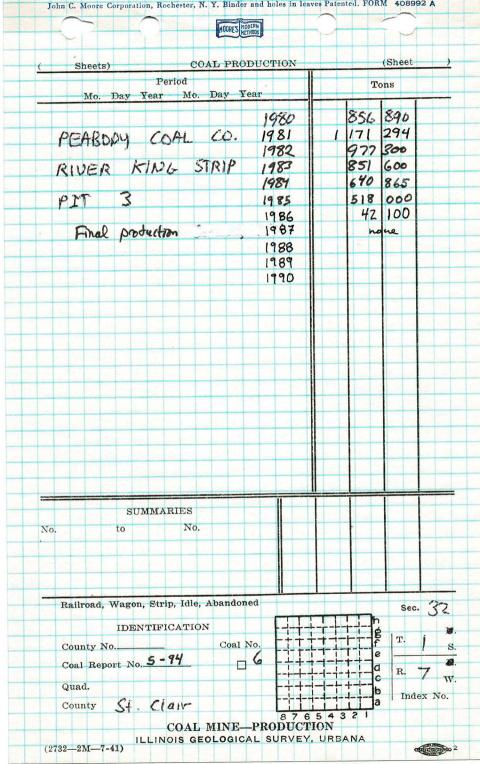
Farm	P_	No.	
Elev.	PEABODY 'SUSPENDS' RIV BIG SURFACE MINE MARK	ER QUEEN; ET VICTIM	
For Kind o:	Peabody Coal Co. has susper surface mine in Illinois as of J jobs. The move is the latest in	nuary 16, costing 135	miners their
	again cited a soft market for hi River Queen was one of the	mines that supplied C	incinnati C
Remark	& Electric's How-expired Confr	CI IOT IX million t/v	Dookad
	omy about to regain 300.000	V Of that coal and th	a commonula
	inability to market River Que reduction necessary," said Joh body's eastern division in Hend	n A (intended preside	is made this
	o d j o castern division in Hendi	ISOn. Kentucky	
	Most of the mine's coal has Co. and Electric Energy, said I	gone to Louisville Ga	is & Electric —
	said the shutdown was not th	recillt of a contract	0000011-1
	remains nopeful Rive	Oneen will reonen er	antually best
	company officials could not pre Since its opening in 1957, Ri	ici when or it that me	ight ha
-	tons of coal. The 1967 man wa	1 3-million tone Th	
	reaves reabout with only in a	ines in its anctorn dir.	1 1 1
	also includes Ohio. That "is the observed Tew.		
	Peabody also has laid off 48	salaried workers at the	e company's
	mines in southern west virginia	Where lavotte total m	ana 11 400
	since Christmas at four opera Clarke attributed the layoffs to p	nons. Peabody spoke	sman Tom
FRE	coal week	River King N.	
7024	Jan 4, 1988	Kiver King No.	° <sup>)</sup> . 3
	Jan 7/1100		
		The same of the sa	Car tweld
Location			
Correla	ations by		
	Date		h Sec.
Basis			T. N.
- 30 20		╼═ <b>╢</b>	S.
County	Co. no.	FFFFF	R. W.
Data si	heet hy	8 7 6 5 4 3 Doto	2 1

Mane originally operated by: (1) Date Peabody Coal Company 1957 Original name or number: River King Mine Illinois Coal Report 1957 LATER OPERATORS Date Operator Name or No. River King" Peabody Coal Co. 1865 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 \*Also owners #See ownership sheet Railroad, Wagon, Strip, Idle, Abandoned IDENTIFICATION T. Coal No. County No .\_ d Coal Report No. S-94 Quad. Index. No. County St. Clair COAL MINE OPERATOR (92753—1M—6-54) 2

(2732—2M—7-41)

2





	PEABODY COAL COMPANY - high wall exposures Reinertsen & Stahlman
15 ½	GLACIAL DRIFT - not studied
714	INTERVAL - partially covered. Appears to be mainly composed of
	medium greenish gray shale with an 18" to 2' sandstone (?)  zone near the base. (Not accessible).
THE PARTY	zone near the base. (not accessible).
114	LIMESTONE OR CLAYSTONE - not accessible
214	SHALE - gray to medium dark gray with greenish cast
11/2	LIMESTONE (CUTLER) - brownish gray, very hard, argillaceous, dense
31£	SHALF - greenish grave appears to be fissile but is plastic when
	wet, in beds up to 6" thick interbedded with very argillaceous
	nodular limestone bands up to 12" thick which become thicker
21311	and more abundant toward top. Very irregular top.  Limestone (BANKSTON FORK) - gray to brownish gray, dense to finely
2.3	crystalline, somewhat argillaceous in part, thick bedded to
	massive.
3 1½	SHALE - gray to dark gray with a slight greenish cast in part, con taining a zone of flattened calcareous nodules up to I'm thick
	5" from the top.
	J" 110m the tops
41011	SHALE - light to medium gray, rather poorly bedded in lower part;
	better bedded and dark gray to black toward top.
21011	LIMESTONE (JAMESTOWN) - brownish gray, massive, very dense and har
	somewhat argillaceous.
0 97**	SHALE - dark gray to black, fairly well bedded, somewhat slaty in
	part with numerous flattened oval ironstone concretions.
01311	COAL (JAMESTOWN) - normally bright banded with some calcite on ver
0.5"	tical facings, fairly hard with considerable exidation on sur-
	face.
01211	CLAY-SHALE - dark gray to black, soft, crumbly, weathered, with a semblance of bedding downward.
Oslla	LIMESTONE (HERRIN) - medium to dark gray, fairly hard, very fossil iferous, very silty and argillaceous. Grades downward in to:
181-614	LIMESTONE - light to medium gray, massive to thick bedded, hard, fossiliferous. Thickness increases toward the east of the pic
	(CONCLUDED ON PAGE 2)
	32, 33
	h Sec32&33
	Pr. 018 4 18 Date 2/3/59 -++++
	By DLR & JS Date 2/3/59 T. S.
	E.
	Quad. NEW ATHENS 15 Part SE NV
	W. a Index No.
	County ST. CLAIR 87654321
(87469	0-10M-10-49) ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, URBANA
101100	THE THE PERSON OF THE PERSON O

John C. Moore Corporation, Rochester, N. Y. Binder and holes in leaves Patented. FORM 439756 HOORE'S MODERN I PEABODY COAL COMPANY - high wall exposures - concluded. Reinertsen & Stahlman 2/3/59. 32 & 33 - IS - 7W St. Clair County SHALE - black to dark gray, slaty and hard in part, containing dense, hard, dark gray to black calcareous concretions up to 10" thick and 2' across. (Not too well exposed). 64-78 COAL (HERRIN NO. 6) - normally bright banded 6 1£ UNDERCLAY

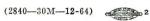
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																								The second			- Contract	

Page 1 ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY,	UKBA	NA	
	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
October 31, Pit 3, Section at extreme S. end.			
Thickest overburden in the mine, 1850' S., 800' E. of center Section 26, 2 S 7 W.			
	20 <b>'</b> +		
TOP OF BENCH			
Coal - Somewhat bony, bright banded, pyritic with many bands of fusain. Underclay - Mottled grayish green, yellowish and orange, very soft and	.8-9'		
COMPANY Peabody Coal Co.  FARM River King Strip Pit #3  NO.  DATE DRELLED OCT. 31,1974  COUNTY NO.			

AUTHORITY John Nelson, H. F. Krausse **ELEVATION** LOCATION About 1850'S, 800'E or center, Sect. 26 25-7W

COUNTY St. Clair

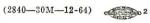




	I	-	
	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
needles and rocks, grades into next			
unit.	2.0'		
Shale - Medium blue gray, weathers,			
light blue gray, moderately blue			
gray, moderately laminated, rather sof	C		1 = 7
and weak. Some calcareous small			
nodules, especially frequent toward	5.0'		
bottom.	5.0		
Limestone - Light to medium gray with			
green tint, fine grained, very			
argillaceous, somewhat domomitic, rather weak, limestone appears to be	44		
slightly micaceous.	0.6'		
Shale - Medium to dark grayish green,	0.0		
mottled, poorly laminated, non-			
calcareous.	3.5'		
Shale - Black, fairly well laminated,			
smooth, finely carbonaceous, fairly			
soft and clayey.	1.0'		
Shale - Olive-green, mottled, weak,			
clayey, mottled and brownish towards			
the bottom, grading down into next			
unit.	2.5'		
Shale - Variegated, light green,			
purplish and orange brown toward			
bottom. Very soft and weak, crumbly,			
sharp bottom contact.	6.0'		9
Limestone - Brownish pink, very fine	I		
grained, thick bed at top and bottom,			
thin bedded in middle, fine			
laminated appearance (as fine banded).	1.6'		
Slabby, broken.	IIa		
Clay - Green, slight yellow tint,	4.0'		
sticky.	IIb		
Green Clay as above mixed with chunks and boulders of limestone (blasting).	4.01		
Piasa Limestone - Light gray with buff	III		
tint, irregular texture, coarsely	111		

Page 3 ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, URBANA							
	Thickness	Тор	Bottom				
fossiliferous at top, very fine grained at bottom, some greenish clay fillings, bottom hard, dense and massive, top shaly.	6.0'						
(see diagram on							
Variations of Piasa interval.)							
			-				
			e.co				
Claystone - Variegated, fairly firm, noncalcareous, bright bluish green	IV	Î					
with some purple irrigation and yellow staining. Grades fairly sharply into	2.0'						
Claystone - Usually <u>ochre</u> mottled with grayish and greenish.	Va 2.5'						
Claystone - Medium greenish, variegated redish purple dollar greenish gray.	Vb						
toward bottom. Grades into.  Shale - Dark gray, greenish, mottled, poorly laminated, weak, grades down-	3.0' Vc	1,					
ward into.	2.0'						

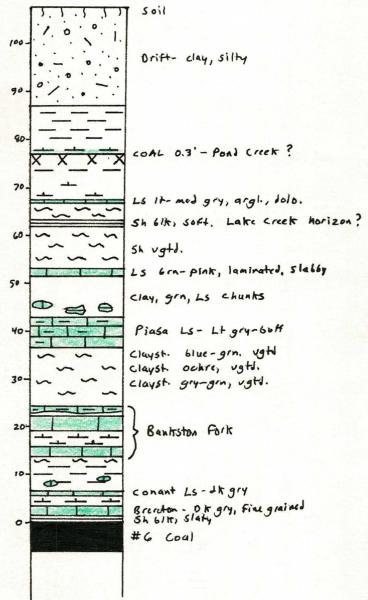
	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
Claystone - Medium greenish gray,	Vd		
mottled, calcareous, grades into next			
unit.	1.0		
Bankston Fork - Irregular and gradation	al VI		
limestone, medium gray with faint			
greenish tints, much greenish clay-			
stone filling, very argillaceous, ver	v		
fine-grained, few fossil fragments.			
Bottom contact, fairly sharp,			
irregular, weak limestone and clayey			
nodular and lenticular.	+1.5'		
Claystone - Like this one, immediately			
above the limestone, varies in thick-			
ness to fit lower surface of lime-			
stone and also contains little nodule	9		
of limestone.	0.5'		
Limestone (Bankston) - Light gray,			
weathering cream or buff, mottled with	h		
fine greenish claystone fillings,			
extremely fine-grained, very hard and			
massive, one horizontal claystone			
parting 0.3' from bottom limestone			
below this is lenticular. Contact			
sharp and slightly irregular.	3.0'		
Shale - Medium gray, faintly mottled,	3.0		
very calcareous with numerous lines			
and bands of light to medium gray,		1	
faintly mottled, argillaceous lime-			
stone, fairly irregular, lower contact			
0.8' above lower contact a 0.2' lime-			
stone.	3.0'		
Limestone - Medium gray, fine-grained,	3.0	• 11	
some crystalline zones and few fossil			
fragments, slightly argillaceous in			
some places, bottom contacts slightly			
irregular.	2.0'		
Shale - Medium greenish gray and dark		2.1	
gray, mottled, soft and weak with			



	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
scattered nodules and lenses as limestone just above. Shale - Very dark gray to black, fairly well laminated, fairly firm, slightly			
calcareous, contains scattered horizontally flat hardhead concretion very dark gray, fine grained limeston Conant Limestone - Dark gray, very fine grained with fine white fossil debris scattered brachiopod fragments, hard,	e.6.6'		
dense and massive, single bed and partly lenticular.  Limestone and Shale - Zone interbedded, very calcareous shale and argillaceous	0.6'		
limestone, very dark gray to black, grades into lower unit. Limestone (Brereton) - Dark gray, fine	2.3'		
<pre>grained with fine white fossil debris massive, hard, dense, lower contact, irregular. "Clod" Limestone - Similar to above, but very shaly, becoming more shaly</pre>	2.2'		
downward. Grading into.  Anna Shale - Black, slaty, variable, in thickness also clod. Also	0.3'		
Brereton Limestone.  Herrin (No. 6) - Normally bright banded pyrite abundant as lenses, thin layers and cleat fillings, also calcite on cleat fillings, several flat coal balls in top half foot. Blue band varies in thickness 1.4' from exposed bottom and consists of dark gray brown, mottled clayey shale observed	1.0"		
to split.	6.2'		

Page 6 ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, URBANA			
	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
The limestone sequence above the coal changes considerably, here as to the north. The Anna Shale is nonexistent north of the measured section (extreme SE cor. of pit) and Brereton Limestone rests directly on coal or is separated from coal by only a couple inches "clod. The coal dips slightly about 100' north of the section—and massive Brereton Limestone is almost 10' thick. This is here overlain by 3-4' of laminated limestone and calcareous shale, a lenticular 1.0'+Conant, and 4-5' black shale below the B. F.  The Bankston Fork sequence is horizontal and shows little lateral change in this unit.			
As previously mentioned, this pit shows very well the lenticular nature of the Piasa Limestone. This was not noted the previous day farther north in the mine—partly because there the Piasa is the topmost bedrock unit.			

# MEASURED SECTION OF HIGHWALL



Peabody Coal Co. River King Strip Pit 3

Extreme south and oct. 31, 1974

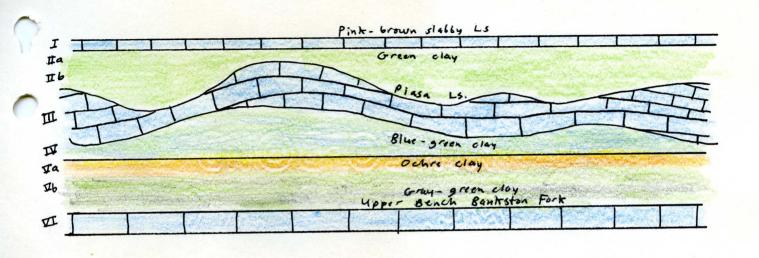
Approx. 1850's, 800' E of center Sect. 26

25-7W St. Clair County



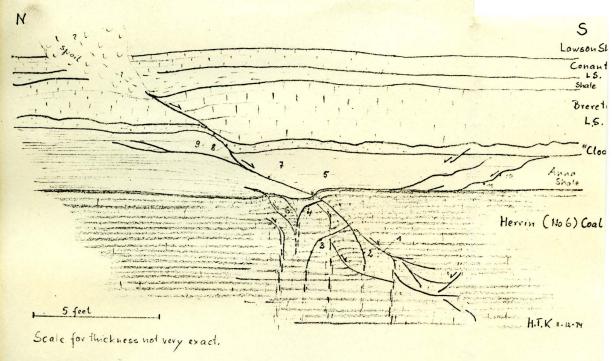
General view of highwall at south end of pit where section was measured; John Nelson standing slightly above the Piasa Limestone. Note thickness variations in this unit.

Photo by Krausse, Oct. 31, 1974.



Variations in the Piasa interval Southern part of highwall in Peabody River King Pit 3. Following are sketches made by H.-F. Krausse.

Pit No3 of Row King Shop 30. Octobo 1974 Buksh- fort ded shall contoto of limah Coal 36p. re trucsh. Jor Welsa. 56/42 SE Sly 110/36 NE 31,000 conant 0,6ff Calcareres Shale 1.2 fe/ Bruloy 0,8 feet Anna Sh Cool Southermost part of 81/17 SE 83/24SE Dit 3 Riceberg R Sectic dake will 105/3854 7 Nelsa Clay Vlon" Clay dyke. Banksta fak 2 tolos of Bouton no James love Bouton Coal Here 40 Ama



River King Strip time, Pit 3 500 feet N from 5-end of pit Randolph County, 25-7W

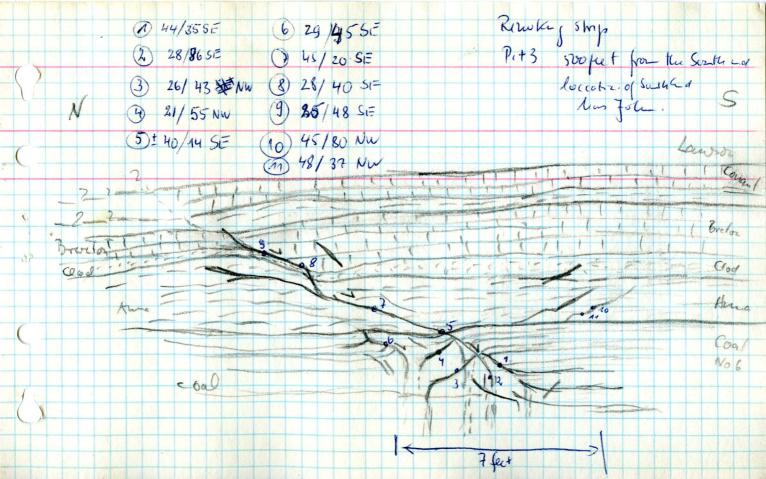
1850' 5; 800' E of center Sec. 26

H.- F. Krausse 1974

Ship with structures similar to clay dykes" but passing through Breneton Limestone Heasurements:

(8)

- 1 44/35 SE
- 29/45SE
- 2 28/86 SE
- (7) 45 /20SE
- 3) 26/43 NW 21/55 NW
- 28/40 35 (9) 25/48SE
- 5 ± 40/14 SE
- 10 45/ 80 NW
- (11) 48/37 NW



Page 1	UKDA	MA	
	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
Measured Section "A" at inside of bend in highwall			17.
Drift - Yellow to brown, fairly constanthickness.	12'		
Jumbled dark gray mud and boulders (may	12		
not be in place).	~8'		
Limestone (Piasa) - Light to medium gray			
weak; yellowish to brown, mostly very	1		
fine grained with many fossil frag-			
ments, hard and dense, few thin clay			
partings; unit here is weathered and	~		
broken.	~9'		
Claystone - Blue-green, mottled with			
black and purple, contains hard nodules of limestone. Often appears			
brecciated limestone nodules, also			
contains claystone fillings, not			
calcareous, the claystone, pebbles			
are calcareous, very weak material.	+2'		
Claystone - Variegated, ocher, purple,	varia	ble thic	kness
red, greenish, bluish, very weak,			
noncalcareous, contains rare lime-			
stone, nodules red hematite (generally	1		
ocher at top and more greenish toward	2101		
the bottom. Grades into next unit. Limestone (Bankston Fork upper portion)	≃12°		
Light medium gray, with greenish	_		
mottling, impure, argillaceous, fine			
grained, shaly.	1.6'	(somewhat	at
Shale - Light to medium grayish green,		variab!	
mottled calcareous weak, clayey,	0.5		
Partal Cart Ca			

COMPANY Peabody Coal Co.

FARM RIVER King Strip Pit 3

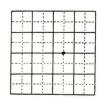
DATE EMILLED Oct. 30-31,1974

AUTHORITY John Nelson + H. F. Krausse

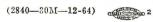
ELEVATION

LOCATION About 660' E. OF CENTER Sect. 26, 25-76

COUNTY St. CLATT



	Thickness	Тор	Bettom
Limestone - Light gray, buff, weathering			
very fine grained, hard, pure,	,		
massive.	2.7'		
Shale - Mottled, medium gray, green, ver			
calcareous, many lenses and thin layer			
of limestone, light medium gray,			
fine-grained, lower part with small	2.7'		
lenses of limestone.	2.1		
Limestone - Medium gray, weathering,			
light, very fine-grained, pure			
(except 0.5 feet from top) shaly with	0 -1		
crystals and massive.	2.5'		
Shale - Black, very carbonaceous,			
smooth, weak, and clayey in upper			
portion, becoming fine and calcareous			
in lower portion, pyrite in the lower			
part, fossils Encrina and shells.	7.5'		
Limestone (Conant?) - Dark gray, fine			
grained with fossil fragmental pro-			
ducti , brachiopods hard, dense, and			
massive, brown calcite cavity filling.			
Further south horizon becomes slightly			
lenticular. Contacts sharp.	0.5'		
Jamestown - Horizon (no coal), shale			
black, very calcareous, grading down-			
ward into black argillaceous lime-			
stone, very fossiliferous, including			
productid brachiopods. Grades into			
next unit.	1.3'		
Limestone (Brereton) - Dark gray, fine,			
grained, abundant fossil debris,			
massive, hard and dense; lower contact			
Sharp and undulatory.	2.8'		
Anna Shale - Black, slaty, brittle, very	1		
smooth with vertical joints. Contains	3		
several large hardhead concretions			
with slip surfaces (calcareous). Shar	P		
lower contact to coal (Herrin No. 6).	2.0'		



Page 3

ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, URBANA

Page 3 ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, URBANA				
	Thickness	Тор	Bottom	
(Coal description by Fred Krausse)				
(Coar description by Fred Krausse)				
#6 COAL - (Covered with rust and not				
well suited to description.)	6.58+			
Coal - Normally bright banded with thin				
pyrite bands, and much pyrite and calcite on cleats.	2.20'			
Clay - Dark gray, pyritic.	0.06'			
Coal - Normally bright banded, less				
pyritic.	1.40'			
Pyritic layer with dark gray to black	0.05'			
clay. Coal - Normally bright banded, pyrite	0.05			
and calcite on cleats.	1.40'			
"Blue Band" - Dark gray clay.	0.07'			
Coal - Normally bright banded. (Not	1.40'			
yet to bottom)				

	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
October 31. Same location.			
Section "B" only 100' north of yesterdays is quite different.			
Section from bottom of Bankston Fork upward is not described in detail, no major differences noted. No trace of #7 Coal. Bottom of Bankston Fork thin layer of.  Shale - Black, mottled with light green near top, very carbonaceous, soft,			
slightly calcareous.  Shale - Medium gray, brown, dark gray, mottled, very calcareous, finer than	0.3'		
above.  Shale - Very dark gray to black, well laminated, smooth, finely carbonaceous slightly calcareous, especially at bottom, numerous flat round nodules very dark gray to black, fine grained limestone. Maximum size about 0.5' in the upper half of unit up to 2 feet across near base, mostly bounded	0.2		
by small slips. No such concretions were observed in the section 100' south of here. Grades into. Shale contains very fine visible fossils but numerous very tiny remnants of fossils partly pyritic. Grades into. Limestone (Conant?) - Fine grained, impure, argillaceous, contains	6.6'		

COMPANY

FARM

DATE DRILLED

DAIL DIVILLE

AUTHORITY

ELEVATION

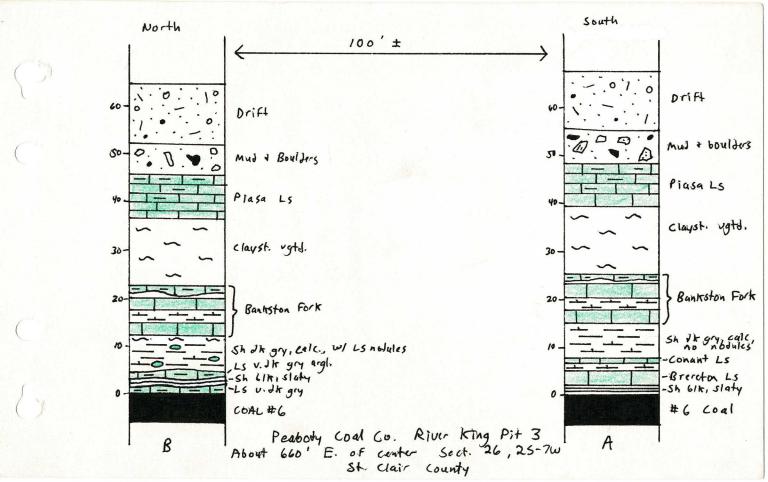
LOCATION

NO.

COUNTY NO.

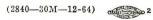


Page 2 ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, URBAN	A		
	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
abundant very fine white fossil debris and is poorly laminated, coarser fossil fragments and brachiopods shells near base. Color very dark gra- but mottled, medium dark gray brown near base, like Conant frequently appears to be variable in thickness. Bottom contact sharp, fairly			
<pre>irregular. Shale - Black, slaty, very smooth,   contains abundant pyrite, bottom   contact, quite irregular. Prominent</pre>	0.9'		
vertical joints. Limestone - Very dark gray, fine grained Brereton Limestone. with abundant whit fossil debris, very argillaceous, very lentifular and variable in softness on hardness at the bottom more "clod" type and softer, some lenses very hard and sharp—breaking (no Anna Shale?). Coal - Herrin (No. 6), bottom "burried."	e		
Main <u>joints</u> in unit above Brereton Limestone Section "B"			
kln 62/81/SE 66/86/SE spacy 1 kl 66/85/SE foot			
161/83/SW 158/87/NE 150/83/SW 152/84/SW			
6 joints for 2.5 ft.			

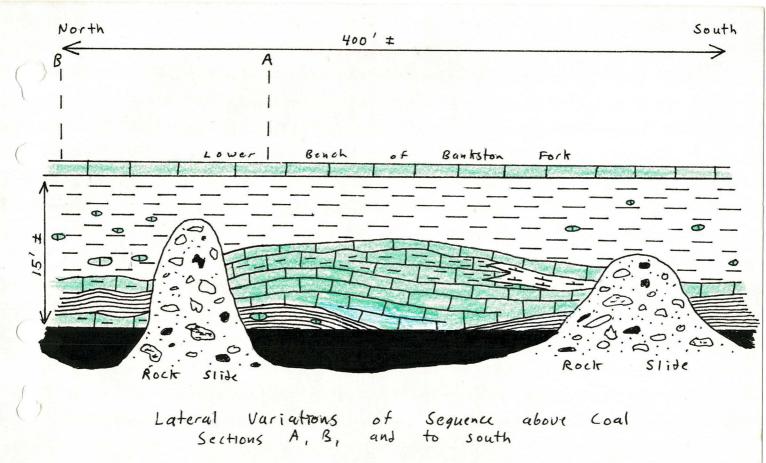


		Thickness	Тор	Bottom
Cleats in co	al (SLN)			
061/87/SE	144/87/SW			
056/90	150/90			
053/85/NW	156/85/SW			
071/90	168/90			
156/87/SW	173/86/SW			
146/90	176/86/SW			
116/85/NE 98/85/NE	066/83/SE			
& 1250 2	r foot for ~60° cleats			
	r foot for ~150° cleats			
section ther coal) 3' blagray limesto	outh of the first measure e are (in order upward fr ck slate, less than 1' me ne, 9-10' dark gray shale ions, Bankston Fork.	rom edium		
Str	atigraphic Changes			
south. Cona slightly mor including 2- slabby and c limestone ab described ab carbonaceous Bankston For continuous.	inches out within 100' to nt Limestone gets thicker e bedrock exposed to sout 3 feet of thin-bedded, rystalline pinkish to brove ove the gray Piasa unit ove. A 0.1' black, layer about 2' above the k. Top - apparently not No trace of #7 Coal at t is 3' thick in Pit #6, es south.	r, th own		
Cleats and J	oints at Section "A"			
1st Limeston	e above coal (Brereton)			

		Thickness	Тор	Bottom
000/00 27	000/00			
090/88 N.	088/90			
015/90				
110/83 NE				
$3 \sim 015^{\circ}$ in 4 1/	2 ft.			
$3 \sim 100 \text{ in } 6 \text{ ft.}$				
Joints in black	shale (Anna)			
130/90	125/84 NE			
129/85/NE	126/90			
133/82/SW				
126/83/SW	4 per foot.			
123/83/NE	4 her root.			
123/03/NE				
Also in shale				
056/83/NW	057/90 <sup>o</sup>	1		
054/81/NW	053/89/SE			
049/86/NW	047/87/SE			1.00
055/78/NW				
	8 joints in 2.4 ft.			
Others in black	chalo			
others in black	Share			
106/76/NE	178/80/W			
110/86°/NE	004/72°/W			
102/79°/NE	008/79/W			
128/84/NE	000/15/W			
120/04/112	3 in 1.5 ft. (2 per			
	foot)			
	1000)			
Just above coal				
	te coating			
051/90 "	" 36 in 1.5 ft.			
05//90	4 per foot			
061/86/SE "	II ) T PEL TOOL			



	Thickness	Тор	Bottom
128/83/NE 136/80/NE 138/79/NE 134/82/NE			
90/77/N 108/82/NE 104/83/NE 111/80/NE 109/85/NE			
Just above coal there is $0.4$ inches of shale where the $50-60^{\circ}$ direction is more frequent than above. In the next $0.3$ ft. the $100^{\circ}$ direction is more frequent substituting for the $50-60^{\circ}$ direction. Then above this the $50^{\circ}$ direction is preferred.			





View of highwall at Measured Section "A". Coal partly buried by rubble. BR- Brereton Limestone, C- Conant Limestone, BF- Bankston Fork Limestone.



Another view of highwall near Measured Section "B". Two light-colored limestone layers (BF) are Bankston Fork.

ILLINOIS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, URBANA River King Strip Mine Pit 3, about center of highwall fley will thip to feetingles highwall for more photo gramme try erill advance 90' at a highwall is over By\_H. Damberger 5/29/75 Paul Brandow, U. I. Surveying Quadrangle New Athens (#246) County St. Clair Sec. 23 T 2S 1000'N of SL, 400'W of EL

River King Strip, Pit 3 near New Athens, St. Clair County T. 2S., R. 7 W., Sec. 23, Part: NW, NE, SE, SE, or ~1000'N of SL, 400'W of EL

## Photogrammetry of Highwall, Roof Study

Descriptions of highwall just N or road into and out of Pit 3, about in middle of Pit 3 (see areal photo)

State coordinate of corners of aluminum frames in stereopair photos as computed by Paul Brandow after triangulation are:

Described by H. H. Damberger, 5/29/75

Description of Highwall on N side of outcrop, to the N of road out of strip pit:

Feet above top of coal From To	Thickness (feet)	Lithology: Strat. Unit
11.1-13.0	1.9	Limestone, fine grained, medium gray: Bankston Fork
10.4-11.1	.7	Shale, dark gray, weathers to medium gray, with many irregular limestone nodules about 0.2-0.5' in diameter.  LAWSON

Feet above top of coal From To	Thickness (feet)	Lithology: Strat. Unit
4.5-10.4	5.9	Shale, dark gray, with irregular joints, zone of concretions about 2/3 down from top, about 1.5-2' maximum diameter, but often only 0.3-0.6'. Near base irregular limestone nodules are fairly common.  LAWSON
3.3-4.5	1.2	Limestone, medium to dark gray, fine grained, shaly, breaks rather irregularly.  CONANT
2.8-3.3	0.5	Shale, dark gray to black, finely laminated, flaky JAMESTOWN
2.3-2.8	0.5	Shale, dark gray, much harder than above, finely laminated JAMESTOWN?
1.9-2.3	0.4	Shale, dark gray to black, weathers easily and crumbles.  (BRERETON &) CLOD? equiv.
0.8-1.9	1.1	Shale, dark gray, hard, looks "cameloid" in places. ANNA
0.3-0.8	0.5	Shale, dark to medium gray, weathers easily to fairly soft layer.  ANNA

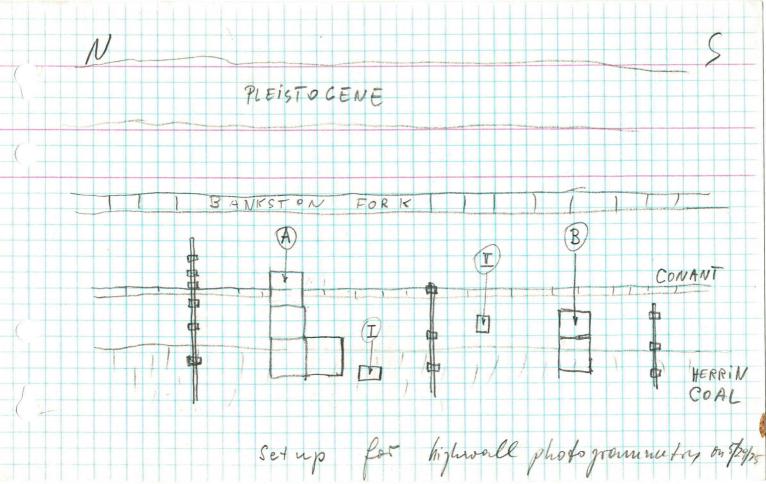
Feet above top of coal From To	Thickness (feet)	Lithology: Strat. Unit
0-0.3	0.3	Shale, dark gray to black, fissile.
		ANNA
	+2.2	Coal

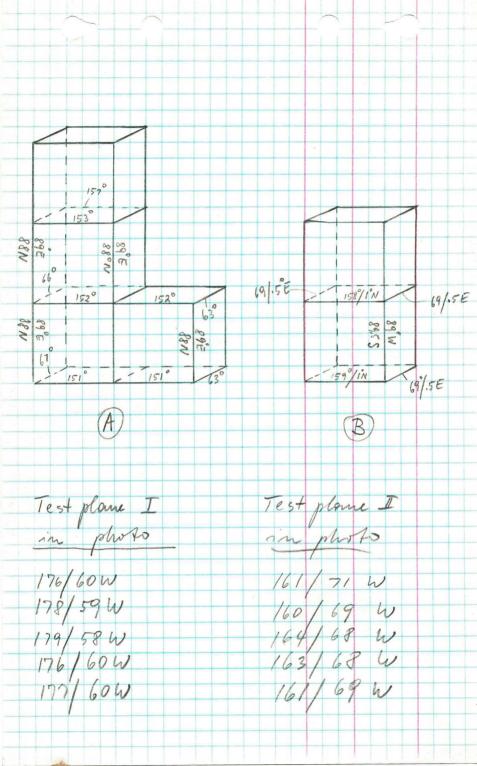
Description of Highwall on S side of outcrop, directly adjacent and to the N of the road out of the strip pit (not in photos of stereopairs)

Feet above top of coal From To	Thickness (feet)	Lithology: Strat. Unit
13.2-15.2	2.0	Limestone, fine grained, medium gray, with thin, prominent shaly parting at 0.8' from top.  BANKSTON FORK
12.4-13.2	0.8	Shale, dark gray, but weathers quickly to light gray (mottled), with irregular limestone nodules.  LAWSON
12.1-12.4	0.3	Shale, dark gray, limy near top, mostly small irregularly shaped limestone nodules.
		LAWSON

Feet above top of coal From To	Thickness (feet)	Lithology: Strat. Unit
5.9-12.1	6.2	Shale, dark gray to black, fossiliferous especially in lower 1/3 (many shell fragments of bivalves), bedding not too well developed, rather massive and blocky.  LAWSON
5.7-5.9	0.2	Shale, dark to medium gray, with irregular limestone nodules, rather flaky.
5.2-5.7	0.5	Limestone, dark gray, fine grained, fossiliferous, hard forms sharp edges, typical limestone fractures.  CONANT
4.8-5.2	0.4	Shale, dark gray, flaky, probably limy.  JAMESTOWN
4.1-4.8	0.7	Limestone, argillaceous, medium dark gray.  BRERETON
4.0-4.1	0.1	Shale, shale parting in limestone, dark gray.
2.5-4.0	1.5	Limestone, dark to medium gray, fine grained, fossiliferous, typical limestone appearance.  BRERETON

Feet above top of coal From To	Thickness (feet)	Lithology: Strat. Unit
2.3-2.5	0.2	Shale, dark to medium gray, rather flaky, fossiliferous, "hash" of shell fragments, CLOD (?)
0-2.3	2.3	Shale, dark gray to black, more fissile in lower 0.5 feet; some minor slips therein, which don't seem to affect the limestone above, however.
	+2'	Coal





Peabody River King Strip Pit #3 (near New Athens) July 18, 1978 Notes by John Nelson and Faith Fiene, with Steve Stocks, Peabody

Channel Sample for "Round Robin" #4 incline - we are about 100' north of the base of it.

Location 2950' and on west of center section 25, T. 2 S, R. 7 W., St. Clair County.

The channel sample collected is missing the top 8".

- 0.80' Coal, normally bright banded, blocky, abundant calcite on cleat, trace of pyrite near base.
- 0.02' Pyrite, with some carbonaceous shale; discontinuous parting.
  - 0.93' Coal, normally bright banded, blocky; abundant cleat calcite and trace of pyrite.
- O.05' Shale; medium to dark gray, poorly bedded, carbonaceous, contains thin lenses of pyrite; excluded from sample (sample #1).
- 0.49' Coal, normally bright banded, abundant calcite, discontinuous fusain lense 0.10 feet from top; abundant pyrite on cleat near of unit.
  - 0.01' Pyrite, with carbonaceous shale.
- 0.65' Coal, normally bright banded; numerous thin fusain partings, less blocky than above. Calcite on cleats and abundant pyrite on cleats near top of unit.

- 0.05' Shale band (sample #2) excluded; dark gray, poorly bedded, highly carbonaceous; contains thin pyrite lenses which vary in thickness.
- 1.04' Coal, normally bright banded, moderately blocky, abundant calcite and pyritic with minor kaolinite on cleat.
- 0.07' Shale band, excluded (sample #3), dark gray, poorly bedded, highly carbonaceous, contains abundant thick lenses of pyrite.
- 0.40' Coal, normally bright banded, moderately blocky, abundant calcite and traces of kaolinite on cleat.
- O.05'+
  Shale band (sample #4) excluded; probable
  Blue Band; medium dark gray, poorly bedded,
  hard, carbonaceous; abundant bands and
  lenses of pyrite, varies considerably in
  thickness.
- Coal, normally bright banded, very blocky; contains a few thin fusain or shale partings, calcite and kaolinite on cleat; rare pyrite—only in lenses; (underclay) claystone gray to dark gray,
  - mottled, moderately soft, carbonaceous, with coalified plant debris (sample #5).

Additional sample of cleat calcite picked from face (sample #6).

Cleat measurements taken in lower half of seam for best exposure:

face cleat 159°, 159°, 153°, 154° 153°, 156°, 159° butt cleat 068°, 061°, 059°, 059° well devel- 062°, 067°

coal has been shot so is not all in place

Estimated section of highwall near sample location

- 20'- surface removed by dragline
- 7' shale and claystone, poorly visible
- 5' limestone (Piasa) light gray to buff, thick bedded to massive, said to range from 5-15' thick
- 10' claystone, greenish to yellowish brown, thin dark streak about 2' above base may represent Danville (No. 7) Coal.
- 2' limestone, upper bench of Bankston Fork; light gray, brown very fine grained, hard, massive
- 3' shale, light gray, clacareous, contains numerous small limestone nodules.
- 2' limestone, lower bench of Bankston Fork, similar to upper bench; sharp contact
- 9' shale, Lawson Shale; Dark gray, moderately hard, poorly bedded, finely silty, contains occasional limestone concretions.
- 0.9' limestone (Conant?) medium dark gray, fine grained with coarse fossil debris hard and massive, contains productid brachiopod
- 1.1 shale, medium dark gray hard and poorly bedded, calcareous, contains abundant fossil debris, small crinoid and shell fragments; grades into limestone.

Note that Brereton Limestone varies in thickness from about 2' to 7' in pit. In places up to 1.5' of Anna Shale is present. There seems to be an argillaceous, fossiliferous "bastard limestone" in places in the lower part of the Anna. The gray Energy Shale was not noted in this pit.

No clay dikes, coal balls or other unusual features noted in the coal.

Poor exposures of highwall. To north, amoung of bedrock decreases and much of highwall consists of river sand. The Kaskaskia River is just north of the present pit.

According to a company man Peabody plans to divert the Kaskaskia River in order to mine coal under its present bed.

Drilling shows that plenty of coal is present but the overburden is nearly all soft river silt, up to 70 feet thick. It is sure to present special problems in mining.

In the present pit the main difficulties are in shooting the hard limestones, especially the Piasa and the Brereton; and in drilling shot holes through soft sand. Such drill holes require continuous casing from surface.



### FORM 180 W

# PEABODY COAL COMPANY RIVER KING STRIP PIT 3 October 5, 1978

Notes by John Nelson on visit with H.-F. Krausse and C.-D. Reuther.

Three channel samples of the Herrin (No. 6) Coal were collected for zinc analysis by Jim Cobb. The samples were taken along a freshly exposed rib of coal very near the loading shovel. The coal had been shot and so was very loose; it could be sampled with hand picks. The three samples were taken within 15 feet of each other:

- Sample A- Coal contains a small slip mineralized with calcite and pyrite.
- Sample B- Coal contains a large slip and a small slip, both mineralized with calcite and pyrite and having mineralized "goat beards".
- Sample C- no slips in the coal; no mineralization except on cleat surfaces.

Measured Section of coal seam in area where samples were taken:

- 0.93' Coal, N.B.B., blocky, calcite and a trace of pyrite on cleats.
- .94 0.01' Fusain
- 1,67 0.73' Coal, as above
- 1.690.02' Fusain
- 2.26 0.57' Coal, as above.
- Shale, dark gray, carbonaceous, with fusain partings and some pyrite. Excluded from all channel samples; sampled separately as "Band 1".
- 2.960.65' Coal, as above.
- 7.980.02' Fusain, locally pyritic.
- Coal, N.B.B., with abundant streaks of pyrite, and cleat facings of pyrite.
- Fusain, with thin vitrain streaks. Pyritzed at Sample A; excluded from Sample A and bagged separately. Included in Channels B and C.

### FORM 180 W

(2)

3,75 0.32' Coal, as above.

Underclay.

Shale (Blue Band), dark gray, hard, carbonaceous poorly bedded, locally contains small pyrite lenses. Excluded from all three channel samples and bagged separately as "Band 3".

9.61 0.80' Coal, N.B.B., with considerable pyrite on cleats.

9.63 0.02' Shale, dark gray, carbonaceous, pyritic, varies

in thickness.
5.751.12' Coal, N.B.B., with white calcite, no pyrite.

Total coal thickness sampled 5.75'. Some coal missing from top of seam.

The sample location is approx. 500' south of the NW corner of Section 25, T. 2S-R. 7W, St. Clair County.

The pit runs roughly north-south and is advancing eastward. The sample location is the southernmost place examined. The north end of the pit is a little over half a mile north of the sample location.

Opposite the sample location the highwall is slumped but the strata are partially visible. The following is an estimated section:

### Surface

- 0-3' Sand, with gravel lenses and bands, orange-browm, no water seepage noted. Sharp contact:
- 8' Loess, olive-brown, uniform, competent. Sharp contact.
- 8' Till, gray to brown with orange mottling.
- 15' Covered interval.
- 2' <u>Limestone (Bankston Fork)</u>, light gray-brown, massive single bed.
- 4-5' Shale, light gray, soft, nodular bedded.
- 2' Limestone (Bankston Fork), as above.
- 6-8' Shale, dark gray, hard, poorly bedded,
- 1' <u>Limestone (Conant)</u>, dark gray, hard. massive but <u>lenticular</u>.



### FORM 180 W

(3)

3' Shale, dark gray, calcareous, hard, interbedded with limestone; dark gray, fine to coarsegrained, and very fossiliferous.

2-4' Limestone (Brereton), medium-dark gray, fine-grained, hard, massive, dense.

0-1' Shale (Anna), black, hard, fissile. Herrin (No. 6) Coal.

Northward the thickness of overburden decreases. At the north end of the pit no bedrock above the Bankston Fork Limestone is present and the drift is thinner. In the north half of the pit the highwall is quite well exposed and is directly accessible in many places.

Along most of the highwall the Brereton Limestone lies directly on the Herrin Coal, but one large pod and several smaller pods of Anna Shale are seen.

The maximum thickness measured of Anna Shale is 4.5'; it may be even thicker locally. Its lithology is very typical; a black, hard, smooth, fissile shale, with large spheroidal pyritic concretions near the base and an occasional imperfect marcasite "dollar". Well-developed jointing trends ENE. The shale shows some tendancy to soften on exposure to the weather.

The Brereton Limestone has a maximum thickness of about 6 feet but more commonly ranges from less than a foot to about 4 feet thick. As immediate roof it is commonly 3-4 feet thick. Where it overlies Anna Shale it is slightly thinner; 2-3 feet, and quite massive.

Near the north end of the highwall the Brereton locally thins to less than a foot and becomes very argillaceous. Where the unit is more than a foot thick it is generally hard and massive, though the lower layers may have a somewhat nodular appearance. The basal "clod" is only a few inches thick at the most.

Above the Brereton Limestone is an alternating sequence of shale and limestone representing the Jamestown Coal and Conant Limestone Members. No coal was observed in the interval. The thickness of the

John C. Moore Corporation, Rochester, N.Y. 14604



### FORM 180 W

(4)

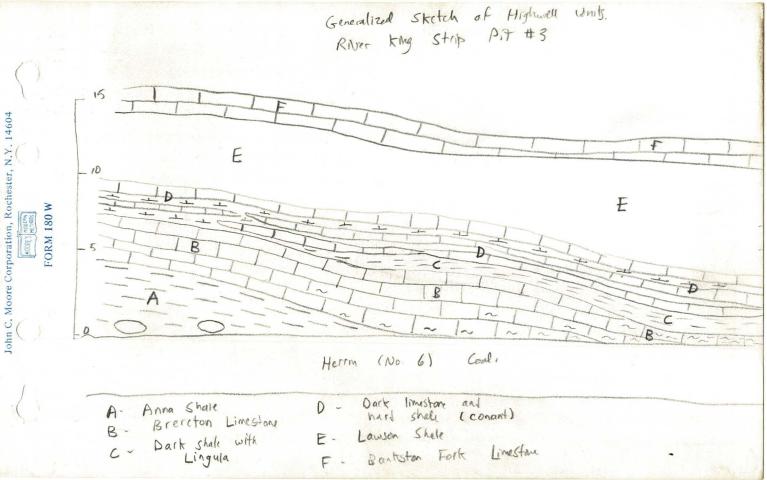
interval varies from about 3 to more than 6 feet. It is thickest where the underlying units are thin, and vice-versa.

The lowest part of the Jamestown-Conant sequence is a dark gray, soft, poorly bedded calcareous shale containing abundant Lingula. The thickness varies up to about two feet. Above this are alternating beds of limestone and hard, calcareous shale. The limestone beds are very fossiliferous and vary from very fine-grained to coarse. Some are finely laminated and contain bands or nodules of brown to black chert. In one place a series of irregular rounded masses of brownish chert and limestone, with a brecciated appearance, occur beneath a thin laminated fossil band. The masses, 0.5-1.0' in diameter, may be some form of load structure. See notes by H.-F. K.

Where the Anna Shale and Brereton are thick the Jamestown-Conant sequence is thinner (about 3 feet) and comprised mainly of limestone, with not much shale.

No pods or lenses of gray Energy Shale, such as are common in River King Underground, were observed. The sequence here is much more like that in the Baldwin Mine than that in River King Underground. I would judge that roof conditions for underground mining would be fairly stable here. Some problems might occur where the Anna Shale is thick or where the Brereton Limestone, forming the immediate roof, is thin and argillaceous.

See sketch (over) for a generalized cross-section of the highwall at Pit 3.



John C. Moore Corporation, Rochester, N.Y. 14604



#### **FORM 180 W**

Peabody Coal Company - River King Surface Mine, Pit 3 - east of New Athens, St. Clair County. Notes by John Nelson on visit with Steve Danner, accompanied by Ted Thomas, Mine Superintendent, September 1, 1983.

Pit runs north-south and is located approximately  $NW_4$  Section 25, T. 2S, R. 7W, extending north into Section 24. This pit has only a few months of mining left, after which Peabody will move to north side of Kaskaskia River (between old and new channel) in  $NW_4$ , Section 24. Expect to have mostly river sand as overburden there.

Here stripping with Marion 8200 dragline with 325-foot boom and 75-yard bucket. Top 4 feet of soil moved with scrapers. Shot holes are drilled vertically. A Marion shovel loads the coal into haulage trucks. First they drill and blast the coal. Drills are twin augers mounted on a farm tractor.

The highwall is fairly clean but there is no place where it may be safely climbed to measure a section. The strata appear quite uniform although individual beds change in thickness and character along the wall. The section is much the same as I remember it from previous visits. The following is an estimated section:

Surficial materials, removed by scarpers.

10-15' Shales, greenish to brownish, appear soft and poorly laminated. A dark zone, possibly a thin coal, appears locally about midway in the interval.

#### FORM 180 W

- 2 -

- 5-8' <u>Piasa Limestone</u>, light gray, shattered by blasting. Appears to be thinly bedded and possibly shaly.
- Soft shales and/or claystones, dark greenish to olive-gray. A blocky coal, Danville or Allenby, occurs intermittently about 3 feet above the base. This coal reaches a maximum thickness of about 1 foot but is absent along much of the face.
- 8'
  Bankston Fork Limestone, consists of
  two 2-foot benches of medium gray,
  dense fine-grained limestone separated
  by 3 feet of dark greenish-gray poorly
  laminated shale.
- 6-8' <u>Lawson Shale</u>, dark gray, calcareous, hard, well bedded, contains oval limestone concretions to about 1 foot in diameter.
- 2½-3'

  Conant Limestone, dark gray, finegrained, dense; grades laterally and
  vertically to dark gray and black
  very hard calcareous shale. Jamestown
  Coal not observed but its horizon
  probably represented by soft black
  shales near base of interval.
- 1-5' Brereton Limestone, dark gray, fine-grained, dense, generally massive single bed. In places upper portion is very shaly and fossiliferous.

See additional notes by Steve Danner.



## - 3 -

The coal is largely vitrain with subordinate attrital laminae and fusain. It contains a large quantity of mineral and clastic impurities. All of the cleat surfaces are coated with white calcite; many have pyrite facings as well. Fist-size lenses of pyrite, and occasional coal balls with woody structure visible in brownish limestone, are present in a zone 12 to 18 inches below the top of the seam. Smaller nodules and "goat beard" type fractures filled with pyrite are common throughout the seam. Numerous partings of gray, brown, and black shale are found throughout, most appear to be discontinuous; these along with fusain lenses and partings commonly are pyritized. The "blue band" is 11/2 to 2 feet above the base of the coal and composed of firm dark gray shale containing much carbonaceous debris and, on one piece examined, the impression of a large Stigmarian root.

Did not observe any clastic dikes or other structural discontinuities, other than small "slips" in the coal, but only a short length of coal face was available for examination.

Superintendent Ted Thomas told us no significant irregularities or changes in thickness have been encountered in this mine during his time here.

The primary cleat consistently trends N  $65-67^{\circ}$  E and the secondary set is much less consistent at N  $20-45^{\circ}$  W.



FORM 180 W



River King - Pit 3 - Sept. 1, 1983

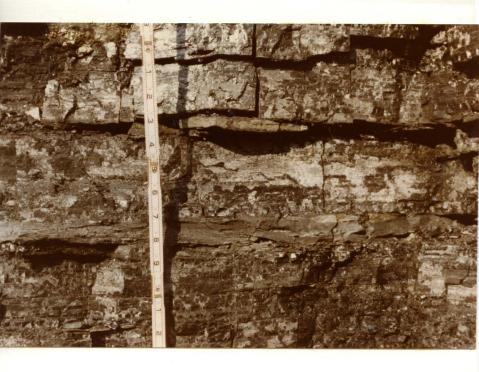
Loading shovel





Coal ball in upper part of Herrin seam

FORM 180 W



Lower part of coal seam, showing "blue band" and calcite facings on cleat



**FORM 180 W** 

# Hundreds lose jobs as

two state coal mines close
SPRINGFIELD (AP) - About 630 The Dec. 30 shutdown meant

SPRINGFIELD (AP) - About 630 jobs will be lost with the recent closing of two Southern Illinois coal mining operations.

In Jefferson County, David Beerbower, the manager of Freeman United Coal Co. No. 3 mine at Waltonville, says the facility will not reopen.

The mine was shut down in December after 33 years of operation. Local residents hoped it might open again this year, but Beerbower said that most of the marketable coal reserve is depleted.

The facility employed 800 workers at its peak. About 500 were employed there before it closed. Freeman United is filling up mine shafts at the site and is sealing off entrances to the face.

Also, Peabody Coal Co. has discontinued operations of the dragline at its River. King Pit No. 3 mine near New Athens. The Dec. 30 shutdown meant the layoff of about 45 employees at the River King surface complex. It also eventually will mean the layoff of the remaining 85 workers, who will stay on the company's payroll until reciamation at the site is finished.

Illinois mines produced 4.9 million tons of coal during November, with the most coming from Perry County in the southern portion of the state.

Brad Evilaizer, director of Mines and Minerals, said in a recent news release that Perry County mines produced almost 12 million tons. Second was Franklin County, with 531,121 tons, and third was Williamson County, with 330,282 tons.

330,282 tons.,
According to the November coal production report, 47 mines in 22 counties reported a total of 14,128 employees on the payroli.

1/6/84



Peabody Coal Co. - River King Strip Mine - Pit 3. New Athens, St. Clair County, Illinois. Notes by John Nelson, with Bob Bauer and Heinz Damberger, and M. E. Hopkins and Mark Sumner from Peabody. August 7, 1985.

Peabody proposes to attempt underground gasification of coal north of the present strip mine and wants us to provide geologic data on the overburden strata in the highwall. They are particularly concerned with distribution of fractures which might affect the gasification attempt. Final strip mining scheduled for this October.

The pit trends approximately northeast and the highwall faces northwest. Southwest of the second incline there is only a few feet of shale above the coal. This is overlain by spoils, or by river silts and clays.

Fracture data recorded by Damberger and Bauer.

Spoils

151

# Measured Section 1

10	000113
2'	Shale (Anna); black, fissile, very thinly
	laminated, smooth, pyritic; small
	pectenoid pelcypods.
0.37'	Coal, bright banded, 2/3 to 3/4 vitrain;
	blocky, abundant pyrite and calcite.
0.01'(0.38)	Pyrite, hard, with laminae of coal.
0.80'(1.18)	Coal, similar to above.
0.01'(1.19)	Fusain, soft, discontinuous.
0.15'(1.34)	Coal, similar to above.
0.01-0.04'	Shale, very dark gray, carbonaceous, with
/ 1	

0.01-0.04' (1.36) 0.81'(2.17) Coal, similar to above. 0.01'(2.18) Shale, dark gray, discontinuous.

Coal, subbright-banded with few thin lam-0.13'(2.31)inae of vitrain.

fusain and pyrite lenses.

0.05'(2.36)Fusain, soft, lenticular.



#### FORM 180 W

1.10' (3.46)	Coal, bright-banded, about ½ vitrain, ½ durain and clairain; thinly laminated; many partings of fusain; much pyrite and calcite.
0.07'	Shale, black, soft, thinly laminated, very
(3.53)	coaly.
0.87'	Coal, similar to above but with fewer
(4.40)	fusain partings, little pyrite, much
( /	calcite.
0.07'	Shale, black, hard, well laminated, with
(4.47)	streaks of vitrain. Numerous pyrite
	lenses.
1.02'	Coal, bright banded, thinly laminated,
(5.59)	Fusain partings common, pyrite and calcite common.
0.25'	Coal, similar to above, but thick lenses
(5.84)	of pyritic fusain occur in several places
(3.01)	along the face.
1.65'	Coal, mostly bright-banded, more dull
(7.19)	bands in upper 0.25 feet; much pyrite
	and calcite.
7.19'	T-1-1 01
,	Total Coal

#### lotal Coal

Underclay, olive gray, soft.

## Measured Section 2

15' 2-3'	Spoils <pre>Shale, very dark gray to black, poorly laminated, calcareous, very small shell</pre>
	fragments, partly pyritized. Appears to be lateral facies of Anna.
0.52'	Coal, bright banded, 3/4 vitrain, blocky, much pyrite and calcite.



### FORM 180 W

0.01'(0.53) 0.55'(1.08) 0.01'(1.09) 0.42(1.51)	Pyrite, hard, continuous  Coal, similar to above  Fusain, soft, local ?  Coal, bright banded, about ½ vitrain, ½  dull, more thinly laminated and less  blocky than above. Much calcite, little
0.03'(1.54) 0.95'(2.49)	pyrite. Shale, medium-dark gray, soft, pyritic. Coal, similar to above, thicker banding. Several pyrite-filled "goat beards"
0.01'(2.50) 1.33'(3.83)	Shale, dark gray, soft Coal, similar to above - "goat beards" at top
0.02'(3.85)	Shale, dark gray, soft, very carbonaceous; locally thickens to 0.10 feet; many pyrite lenses.
1.12'(4.97)	Coal, thinly laminated, much calcite, occasional small pyrite lenses.
0.05'(5.02)	Shale, dark gray to black, hard, well laminated, carbonaceous, many pyrite lenses.
0.30'(5.32) 0.08'(5.40)	Coal, similar to above.  Shale, dark brown to black, moderately firm, well laminated, occasional pyrite lenses.
0.37'(5.77)	Coal, similar to above, fractured, very pyritic.
0.02'(5.79)	Pyrite, with laminae of black shale;
1.80'(7.59)	Coal, bright banded, hard, somewhat blocky, moderate amount of calcite, much pyrite in upper 0.5 feet.
7.59'	Total thickness of coal

Underclay, olive gray, soft.



#### FORM 180 W

Near the middle of the pit is a nice exposure of Quaternary river deposits - mainly light gray to buff well-sorted sand with tabular foreset beds dipping southwest; some layers contain abundant fine gravel both cross-bedded and parallel-laminated; local concentrations of wood fragments; also discontinuous lavers of stiff, plastic dark, gray-brown clay, locally up to half a foot thick; upper and lower contacts of clav layers very sharp, and no sand in the clay layers. Sand is 15 to 20 feet thick and overlies a residual greenish to reddish clay with boulders of bedrock. Sand is sharply overlain by probable levee deposits at least 10 feet thick (largely inaccessible and disturbed by mining) light bray-brown highly silty to sandy clay very extensively rooted. In places the roots penetrate entire unit; elsewhere the lower few feet of the levee clays are not rooted and contain discontinuous laminae of fine sand.

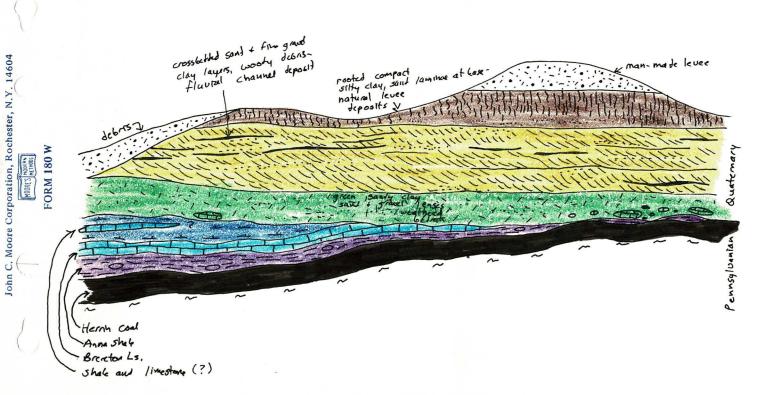
In the northeastern part of the pit, near the drill and dragline, the coal face is alongside the spoil banks and partly covered. The coal bed has been uncovered for loading and the overburden is exposed on the southeast wall of the pit. Here the overburden includes, from base upward, 4-5 feet of Anna Shale, about 3 feet of dark gray dense Brereton Limestone, then about 15 feet of badly slumped materials. Basal river sand is very gravelly, and full of water; it is darker gray than the clean crossbedded sands described above, which have been stripped back to produce a bench. Probably additional bedrock above Brereton Limestone in places, but it is not exposed for study.

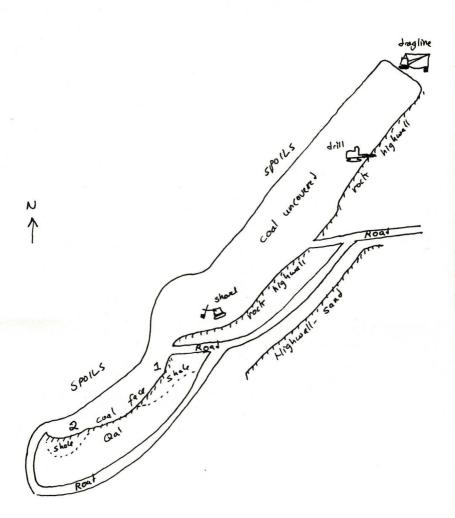
The top of the coal bed undulates and generally drops in elevation toward the northeast.

FORM 180 W

A little of the coal has been ripped out exposing the upper few inches of the seam. No consistent cleat direction is apparent although several fractures were noted trending N. 70-75°E., parallel with the main joints in the Anna Shale. The fractures are thickly lined with pyrite.

Basal Quaternary deposit in places is dark greenishgray silty to sandy clay with lenses of gravel, poorly laminated and full of water. It is prone to slumping on the highwall. Contact to overlying crossbedded sand is sharp.









Dragline, River King Mine, Pit 3.

See also 8 slides in C3 stide Collection; under coal mines

MOORE'S MODERN METHODS

FORM 180 W



Overburden drill, Pit 3. Shot holes are drilled horizontally about 90 feet into the face, just above the coal bed.

MOORE'S MODERN METHODS

FORM 180 W



Measuring fractures on the coal face. Heinz is the one giving orders.



**FORM 180 W** 



View of part of the highwall. At the top, mandisturbed soil, logs, etc.; then a layer of light-colored cross-bedded fluvial sand, with discontinuous layers of dark clay. Below the sand is sticky greenish-gray clay containing lenses of sand and gravel, and boulders of bedrock.

River King U6 #/ 8/5/80 Peakody Coal Co. St. Clair Co. Gaide: Carl mapping Area: And Sub-mains West off

Piver King Ug Nol Peabody C.C. 9/9/40 Block sample site #1: SE corner of i 2nd =1 intersection east of switch of 2nd smains west off main North , sampling conditions good; good breeze in this intake cuting Roof: Lo: (Breveton) - med to med dikgray, very hard, dense; micro enystalline; no fossils evident; sharp, gently rolling contact at Shale: bourgray; relatively hard, very finely 0.03 lamin; sharp contact above & below; gently undulating grades laterally into prints Bourges clay (weathered) in one direction, grades into very hard bra chart in other THE EX direction; voviable thickness Shole: black, hard, boney, carbonactous, 0.01 calcite tominae; variable thickness 1 and sharp contact. Coal: D.BC (disturbed); numer tas bands 0.75 up to 0,02', also lenses; bands intermittently continuous; more continuous bottom of anit XI & X gen very poor cleat devel; vitrain bands disturbed a discont; up to ous thick Percentages: ~ 50% fus, 20% vit, 30% attrits

Top of unit contains a charty layer of very variable thickness, up to 0.3 thick some white potches; very hord, microstlas, Coal: DBC (disturbed) ) similar to above, 905 - same, poor clear development no mineral yartings Coal: DBC (disturbed) vitrain more cont. than 0:25 above : Vitrain ~ 40%, ~ 30% fasain & 30% attrital (dull) a Base contains sos boney parting w/ vito stringers, hard; continuos Coal: Dull very bny, internet wit buts nax 0.20 .03, our .02, distarbed & discont; occas. tus. leas , 65 % attrit, 25 % vot, 15 % fus, cleat devel improving; Coal: 12 doman 5BB, hard, no distinct partings, ~ 50% attrital, 40% vit, 10 tus, improved a leat; some cale on cleat; TI no par; with upto all thick & cont. ocrostus laurinay Coal: NBB; block, hard, gen thin bodd, vitr little tusain; much withrain; Lull TU cale tract; very little pyr tikely dissen

Coal: NBO, hard, generally this bauled, much vity, ~ 55-90, attental x 15-90, ~ 20% fus. vit max out, are + . 01; basal fas TIL . 015 Thick of cont.; attrital mod dully & thin buddo good eleat Coal: NBB, had gen thin; less wit 20% 0.15 top is a out fus bud, continuous; TIL Coal: NBB; variable briding; vity uple 0.2 base; vit buds cont in upper part.
vit 40% after 55, fus 5, cleat good, somecak on clear, no apprint to clayston med gray, w gun cast, soft, triable, rather smooth with strugers near top, 7 3 thick Floor

Block sample site#3: Location: North Overall Trickness: 6,35 Roof: Shale: (Energy) mod to dik gray, mad hard; finely lamin; contains It. gry streaks & dot s; very smooth; weathers to a yellow sultarish color & becomes clayey; deteriorates rapidly is when exposed to moistures horizon & inclined s/ksals numerous stips, large small; unstable after exposure to humidity, not sharp but irregular contact w/ soul Conl: DNBC: black gray; very hard;
appears as granules of short bonds of
disturbed bright coal in a matrix of
fusain & pyritized shale; contains isolated patches of \$1313; pyr is finely xtoline or union orly, occasional lens of tus. near base; uneven gradation into DBC. No cleat devel! Chistorber Coal: DBC& SBB. black, Lard, very poor to no clear development, contains several eals filled fract in Hower 12; thickest vitr buds nool; w/ \*exption of vitr, bandar is gen faminar. n 25% vit, 15% fus, 60% after tal.

contains several diffuse patches of pyr. Banday varies from distinct to obsure. Luster of attribal is midlastorous to dall. A few intermit buds of this up to o. or think Coal: 300, black hord, mod clear Levelon, some colo on cleat and in vert fracs, +20% vito in bands 4.01 + 4ict 160-75% attats well bands upto 03 - 04 thick. Fus in small thin lens; very little pyr, evident; sharps Shale: It to ned gray; mod soft frialt; finely laminar; smooth; continuous 0.03 when uniform this tress; contains a tow thin leases & stringers at pyr; showp, veg contact at base Coal: SBB to NBB, block; wit buds up to 0.01 thick, ~30%, fus bonds + 0.01 thick & also thin Isnses; attrital buds variable 0.41 thick ness; mod cleat devel, som cale Varble th. to . 06, Bedding indistruct share uneven count s/coal continuous

Cont Coal: NBB, Black, hard Num. Ins & Buls Puscin 15-20% Fus Vit bads up to . 015 gen. thin banded 25-30% vit; Att cook mid 10st to wood out, very the Buled, wol clear deval, some calcité on élect trent fract. 0.04 Shele; del prosh bray mod Sopt, smort stringer of py very finely lain cont. but varially miles mod start control w cont 0,18 coal: SBB, Vit. Thin baded, <20%, att This banded = 75%, some small fusain lenger and have borness pardles, some calcula on dent I verd Evap Fysair: soxt, sooly, variable Thick, wite mit 0.03 433 vit < 1905 Mick, < 2020, Att, v Coal: 0,87 nin Budget 70% occ Min las Rusgin also Sine buds, several las State land near mic of unit, not clear some fine dissm, Py, I some nods

Cont Shal I med-dok Every mod-hard coal strings Fine law, Silly, continuous vari Mickiess, Coal: SBB, Sim to Alone, much Cale. 0,33 on dead of Fractions, long thick lange of fus near Base, lease to. 09' Shale; med gr-Bin to dark gr., mod-very land stringers coal, Brn Stale Leavily pytrad locally, Gr. Stale is Carb, Gen smooth Brn Sh weathers to Sulparish colors 0,18 thick of viewer contact. Coal: 5BB, Sin to ABare, Stragers of py 1,58 fus in The Ins a bods, Vit bods Spain Thin to, 015', ben, much thinner, ATT.

Coal variable this bridge, mid-list
to hod-dull Sulfate traces at mid Seam occ Strings of prosed H bon Sh. Floor Claystone: med to drk on, soft, v stickerside, ben smooth w/findy diss, by near top, No carb evident, fine vit strings. Slang contact w/col

Block sample site # 5: NE corner of 2nd pillar North of track (2nd smar West) in x cut #14; see may Sampling conditions good Overall Mickress: 6.35' Shale: Bana Valack, hard fine grained na smooth; nuncus slips, slusas, & concrete streaks; sharp even contact whosphatic often marked by lamina of pyrite Coal: NBB, black, mad hard; well developed cleat; much calc on cleats & infracs, contains a first sized patch of follow the part of goats beard vering fighting of partire vit - 20 to 25% apto 0,01' thick, are - 2 mm; affital midluster w/ pands up to 0004 thick, a 70-75%. Some tos in this long of bands Attrital has silky texture 40.01 Pyr: gold, hard discontinuos Coal: MBP, similar to above, little
it any parite; much cale; more
fus in lons up to 0.04 thick. \[
\text{20.01 to 0.03'} \) Fus & shale: hard mineralized tus
\[
\text{and bru-gray shale in an intermitted}
\]

continuous bands Fus thickens to lenses 0.03 that's contains stringers of bright coals Oots Coal: NBB: 50 To 90 10 0.02-0.03 Tusara nearly partial in parti vite.

stringers & part pool thickness quite variable
up to 0.87. 0.25 Coal; NBB, sinilar to alove 0,02' Bone coal continuous 1.00 Coal: 5BB; vitr sparsely banded, ~ 01 thick; mostly attrital, midlasterous To dull, ~ 70% Some Fus wholevand the Bridge Some Bony Buls to .04' Coal becomes bon, Lurands Bottom of unit much coline on cleare & Facture, little pyr on clear + 3 nall fract, 0.02-04 Fusain; fairly continuous, mod hard, vari thick 0.18 Coal; SBB, STA.

(cont) 0.02 Fusain: pyrite stomers + nods, vari-thick 0-60 Coal: BBC +5BB, hours-half SBT,
upper half-more fiss Att, much
calaite, few pir stringers, good : heavily aprzed in part pyr Stringers o les 85, Continuous 0.03 Coal: DBC S.T. Upper help of Above 80,96 Bony areas prinarily in lower half wom pyrtic lam mod cale, mod cleat, ben the Brokel for 4+ bods Fisain: hard immendiced produc - disso 0,04 Coal: 5BB much cale the mod Bridge, 220% vit, Grades into ... > 0.24

(cont.) a12 Shale (Blue Band): It-med Gray, heavy pyrz in parts, mod Hard, very fine lamin, fine gravied, variable thickness, man Coal; DBC rather Bony, poor-mod clent, much Cale, some pyr, knses , sheats or log fusal land on upper contact (07' thick, 105' long) possibly in medical, uniform Bonyness throughout, laminar Bardin Claystone; It - med Gray, Stylly mothed, Floor Smooth, Slickensided mod . Soft,